QUESTI ? NS and ANSWERS





Shailos Uteshuvos with **RAV AZRIEL AUERBACH**



RAV ZALMAN NECHEMIAH GOLDBERG



RAV YAAKOV

By Rabbi Daniel Travis based on divrei halacha heard from Rav Azriel Auerbach, Rav Zalman Nechamiah Goldberg and Rav Yaakov Hillel. To send questions, email Rabbi Travis at dytravis613@gmail.com. The answers given here are the general rule, but each case is unique and must be referred to a posek.

Are Jews in Chutz La'aretz Obligated to **Move to Eretz Yisroel?**

The following questions were transcribed from a phone interview of members of Agudas Kedushas Tzion with Rav Zalman Nechemiah Goldberg. Special thanks to R' Yoel Berman for his help preparing this article.

QUESTION

The turbulence going on in the world today has raised the issue of Eretz Yisroel and the geulah. Some people have issues they want to clarify, and we wanted to ask the rov some questions regarding these two topics.

RAV GOLDBERG

I am happy to speak about the mitzvah of living in Eretz Yisroel, but as far as Moshiach is concerned, it is not possible to give a clear response. I have been saying to many people that the Rambam writes that as far as Moshiach is concerned, we just don't know what it will be like, because there won't be major differences in the world; a person will look the same after Moshiach comes. Also, all the *mitzvos* will stay the same.

Furthermore, in the letter that the Rambam wrote to the Jews of Yemen – where someone claimed that he was Moshiach - he said: What's the difference? Either way, one must observe all of the mitzvos of the Torah. All of the mitzvos we are now obligated to fulfill, we will also be obligated in afterwards. Moshiach doesn't nullify the *mitzvos*. The same mitzvos will apply afterwards, so what is the point of knowing the exact cause that will bring Moshiach?

The question is: What will be the order and chronology of the geulah? Regarding this, the Ram-

bam says that he doesn't know, but he does bring many details. That's what I wanted to say in general terms.

QUESTION

We are a group encouraging those in chutz la'aretz to immigrate to Eretz Yisroel. Some people are telling us that this is not proper. What does the rov recommend we should tell them?

RAV GOLDBERG

The question of whether it is proper or not is dependent on a matter that is probably different than what they are telling you.

Regarding the question of whether one needs to come live in Eretz Yisroel or not, on the one hand, we find in the Gemara that the people of Bavel would come to Eretz Yisroel to learn Torah, and when they were done learning there, the people of Eretz Yisroel would accompany them only until Acco.

Why until Acco? Because Acco is already close to chutz la'aretz and they didn't want to leave Eretz Yisroel to chutz la'aretz, for it is forbidden for a resident of Eretz Yisroel to leave to chutz la'aretz. So, it explicitly says that it is forbidden to leave. On the other hand, the Gemara says this specifically about residents of Eretz Yisroel, implying that residents of chutz la'aretz who have come are allowed to return to chutz la'aretz.

Besides, there is definitely a mitzvah to come live in Eretz Yisroel, so one might ask why it is that the great gedolim didn't go to Eretz Yisroel. If there is a mitzvah to live in Eretz Yisroel, why didn't they fulfill it? All these questions are well-known.

The answer, as is evident from the Gemara in Mo'ed Koton (14a), is that it is forbidden to leave to chutz la'aretz, but this is not in all cases. If in chutz la'aretz one will have parnossah, then it is *mutar*. Rabi Yehuda and the chachomim are divided on this. Rabi Yehuda holds that it is mutar to leave only if one has no parnossah at all in Eretz Yisroel. while the *chachomim* say that one is allowed to leave also for harvocha, an abundant parnossah.

For this, one is also allowed to leave to *chutz la'aretz*. That's the machlokes, and the halacha follows the opinion of the chachomim. Therefore, to travel to chutz la'aretz for no reason is forbidden, but to go there to get married

Despite the fact that for parnossah it is mutar, there is another issue that in chutz la 'aretz they are influenced by the culture and people living there to do all sorts of aveiros.

QUESTION

These days, people travel from Eretz Yisroel to *chutz la'aretz* for trips or vacation. What does the rov say about this?

RAV GOLDBERG

It is worthwhile to prevent people from doing this if possible. As we mentioned, the Gemara in Moed Koton, which is paskened in Shuchan Aruch, rules that going to chutz la'aretz for parnossah or harvacha, is mutar.

QUESTION

Is it desirable to encourage those who live in chutz la'aretz to come live in Eretz Yisroel?

RAV GOLDBERG

According to halacha, they must come to Eretz Yisroel, but that is only if the situation allows for coming to Eretz Yisroel. One must know what they will do here. There are people who will have parnossah also in Eretz Yisroel. However, if a person will not have parnassah here, he is not chayav to come. You can't tell someone not to have a livelihood and that he should eat bread and water so he can live in Eretz Yisroel.

There are considerations. There need to be rabbonim who will judge the matter and weigh these considerations. The Chazon Ish wouldn't give a brocha to go to chutz la'aretz to people who would go, but that doesn't mean it's forbidden. If the situation is such that he doesn't have

parnossah or even an abundant parnossah, then it is mutar to stay in chutz la 'aretz.

You shouldn't ask if you are going to bring us closer to Moshiach by coming to Eretz Yisroel or that you are going to chas veshalom push away Moshiach if you don't come. I don't know if it will bring Moshiach or not. That's not the issue in the Gemara. The question is what circumstances obligate or exempt a person form coming to live in Eretz Yisroel.

Concerning the mitzvah of "ve'ahavta lerei'acha kamocha" and thus influencing others not to leave the land, the machlokes between Rabi Yehuda and the rabbonon (Moed Koton 14a) is how much a person needs to give up for this *mitzvah* of living there. If we'd assume that one could come to Eretz Yisroel and make a livelihood, he is required to do so.

But it's not always certain that coming to Eretz Yisroel has a good effect if he doesn't have anything here, not a house or an apartment. In our times, buying a house is a great expense and can entail a lifetime of hard work. In every case, one needs to know more details and only then can the question be answered, but without knowing the details, it is difficult to answer.

QUESTION

But the primary halacha is that whoever can come to Eretz Yisroel has a *chiyuv* to do so?

RAV GOLDBERG

Correct. There is a mitzvah, like the *Ramban* says.

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